

Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A public-key encryption process comprising the steps of:
 - a) encrypting a plaintext message into a ciphertext message, the encrypting step includes the step of producing an ephemeral key pair that is used to encrypt the plaintext message, wherein the ephemeral key pair is used to encrypt a single plaintext message; and
 - b) generating a digital signature for the ciphertext message using the ephemeral key pair produced in the encrypting step.
2. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 1, wherein the encrypting step uses an El Gamal encryption scheme.
3. (Previously Presented) A public-key encryption process according to claim 1, wherein the step of generating a digital signature comprises generating the digital signature using a Nyberg-Rueppel digital signature scheme;

wherein the step of generating the digital signature includes hashing the plaintext message.
4. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 1, wherein the step of producing the ephemeral key pair comprises the steps of generating an encryption ephemeral private key x and calculating an encryption ephemeral public key $X = xG$, where G is a generator.

5. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 1, for encrypting messages for communication between a sender and a receiver, the process further comprising the steps of,
- at the sender,
- a) generating a sender private key a ; and
 - b) calculating a sender public key $A = aG$, where G is a generator,
- and at the receiver,
- a) generating a receiver private key b ; and
 - b) calculating a receiver public key $B = bG$,
- wherein the sender obtains an authentic copy of the receiver public key B and the receiver obtains an authentic copy of the sender public key A .
6. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 5, wherein the step of producing the ephemeral key pair comprises the steps of generating an encryption ephemeral private key x and calculating an encryption ephemeral public key $X = xG$.
7. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 6, further comprising the steps of, at the sender, generating a secret key $K = xB$ and encrypting a plaintext message using the secret key K to generate a ciphertext message.
8. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 7, further comprising the steps of, at the sender, using the encryption private key x as a signature ephemeral private key and using the encryption ephemeral public key X as a signature ephemeral public key to generate a digital signature.

9. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 8, wherein the digital signature comprises a first value r and a second value s , the process further comprising the step of, at the sender, transmitting the encryption ephemeral public key X , the ciphertext message and the second value s of the digital signature to the receiver.
10. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 9, further comprising the steps of, at the receiver, generating the secret key $K = bX = bxG = xbG = xB$, decrypting the transmitted ciphertext message using the generated secret key K , calculating the first value r of the digital signature using the decrypted message and the transmitted encryption ephemeral public key X and validating the digital signature based on the calculated first value r and the transmitted second value s .
11. (Previously Presented) A public-key encryption process according to claim 1, implemented in a wireless communication system;
wherein at least a two stage public-key encryption process is used;
wherein the first stage includes key establishment and the second stage includes encryption/decryption;
wherein said steps (a) and (b) are performed during the second stage of encryption.
12. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 1, implemented in a wireless hand-held communication device.

13. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 1, implemented in a personal digital assistant.
14. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 1, implemented in a cellular phone.
15. (Original) A public-key encryption process according to claim 1, implemented in a two-way pager.
16. (Currently Amended) A public-key encryption system comprising:
 - a) means for encrypting a plaintext message into a ciphertext message, the means for encrypting producing an ephemeral key pair that is used to encrypt the plaintext message, wherein the ephemeral key pair is used to encrypt a single plaintext message; and
 - b) means for generating a digital signature using the ephemeral key pair produced by the encrypting means.
17. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 16, wherein the means for encrypting employs an El Gamal encryption scheme.
18. (Previously Presented) A public-key encryption system according to claim 16, wherein the means for generating a digital signature generates the digital signature using a Nyberg-Rueppel digital signature scheme.

19. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 16, wherein the means for encrypting produces the ephemeral key pair by generating an encryption ephemeral private key x and calculating an encryption ephemeral public key $X = xG$ where G is a generator.
20. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 16, for encrypting messages for communication between a sender and a receiver, the system further comprising, at the sender,
- a) means for generating a sender private key a ; and
 - b) means for calculating a sender public key $A = aG$, where G is a generator, and at the receiver,
- a) means for generating a receiver private key b ; and
 - b) means for calculating a receiver public key $B = bG$,
- wherein the sender obtains an authentic copy of the receiver public key B and the receiver obtains authentic copy of the sender public key A .
21. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 20, wherein the means for encrypting produces the ephemeral key pair by generating an encryption ephemeral private key x and calculating an encryption ephemeral public key $X = xG$.
22. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 21, wherein the means for encrypting generates a secret key $K = xB$ and uses the secret key K to encrypt a plaintext message and thereby generate a ciphertext message.

23. (Previously Presented) A public-key encryption system according to claim 22, wherein the means for generating uses the encryption private key x as a signature ephemeral private key and uses the encryption ephemeral public key X as a signature ephemeral public key to generate a digital signature.
24. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 23, wherein the digital signature comprises a first value r and a second value s , the system further comprising, at the sender, means for transmitting the encryption ephemeral public key X , the ciphertext message and only the second value s of the digital signature to the receiver.
25. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 24, further comprising, at the receiver, means for decrypting a ciphertext message and means for validating a digital signature, wherein the means for decrypting generates the secret key $K = bX$ and decrypts the transmitted ciphertext message using the generated secret key K , and the means for validating calculates the first value r of the digital signature using the decrypted message and the transmitted encryption ephemeral public key X and validates the digital signature based on the calculated first value r and the transmitted second value s .
26. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 16, implemented in a wireless communication system.

27. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 16, implemented in a wireless hand-held communication device.
28. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 16, implemented in a personal digital assistant.
29. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 16, implemented in a cellular phone.
30. (Original) A public-key encryption system according to claim 16, implemented in a two-way pager.
31. (Currently Amended) A software program on a computer-readable storage medium, which when executed by a processor performs a public-key encryption process comprising the steps of:
 - a) encrypting a plaintext message into a ciphertext message, the encrypting step includes the step of producing an ephemeral key pair that is used to encrypt the plaintext message, wherein the ephemeral key pair is used to encrypt a single plaintext message; and
 - b) generating a digital signature for the ciphertext message using the ephemeral key.
32. (Original) A software program according to claim 31, wherein the encrypting step uses an El Gamal encryption scheme.

33. (Previously Presented) A software program according to claim 31, wherein the step of generating a digital signature comprises generating the digital signature using a Nyberg-Rueppel digital signature scheme.
34. (Original) A software program according to claim 31, wherein the step of producing the ephemeral key pair comprises the steps of generating an encryption ephemeral private key x and calculating an encryption ephemeral public key $X = xG$, where G is a generator.
35. (Original) A software program according to claim 31, for encrypting messages for communication between a sender and a receiver, the software program performing the further steps of, at the sender,
- a) generating a sender private key a ; and
 - b) calculating a sender public key $A = aG$, where G is a generator,
- and at the receiver,
- a) generating a receiver private key b ; and
 - b) calculating a receiver public key $B = bG$,
- wherein the sender obtains an authentic copy of the receiver public key B and the receiver obtains an authentic copy of the sender public key A .
36. (Original) A software program according to claim 35, wherein the step of producing the ephemeral key pair comprises the steps of generating an encryption ephemeral private key x and calculating an encryption ephemeral public key $X = xG$.

37. (Original) A software program according to claim 36, wherein the software program performs the further steps of, at the sender, generating a secret key $K = xB$ and encrypting a plaintext message using the secret key K to generate a ciphertext message.
38. (Original) A software program according to claim 37, wherein the software program performs the further steps of, at the sender, using the encryption private key x as a signature ephemeral private key and using the encryption ephemeral public key X as a signature ephemeral public key to generate a digital signature.
39. (Original) A software program according to claim 38, wherein the digital signature comprises a first value r and a second value s , the software program performing the further step of, at the sender, transmitting the encryption ephemeral public key X , the ciphertext message and the second value s of the digital signature to the receiver.
40. (Original) A software program according to claim 39, the software program performing the steps of, at the receiver, generating the secret key $K = bX = bxG = xbG = xB$, decrypting the transmitted ciphertext message using the generated secret key K , calculating the first value r of the digital signature using the decrypted message and the transmitted encryption ephemeral public key X and validating the digital signature based on the calculated first value r and the transmitted second value s .

41. (Original) A software program according to claim 31, installed in a wireless communication system.
42. (Original) A software program according to claim 31, installed in a wireless hand-held communication device.
43. (Original) A software program according to claim 31, installed in a personal digital assistant.
44. (Original) A software program according to claim 31, installed in a cellular phone.
45. (Original) A software program according to claim 31, installed in a two-way pager.